

The JV240023 is a general purpose metal axial expansion joint helps to alleviate stress in systems by absorbing longitudinal expansion and compression in pipework.

## Approvals, Features \& Benefits

- Suitable for a wide range of applications
- Horizontal or vertical position
- External protection
- Internal liner

Pressure \& Temperature
Pressure range:-
16 bar
(see graph below)
Temperature range:-
$-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| DN | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{L}$ | 105 | 105 | 120 | 150 | 140 | 155 | 220 | 190 | 270 | 275 | 285 |
| Ødo | 48.2 | 55.6 | 61 | 77 | 96 | 112 | 141 | 165 | 201 | 252 | 325.8 |
| Ød1 | 32 | 36 | 41.4 | 53.5 | 70 | 78 | 103.5 | 127.3 | 156 | 207 | 256 |
| $\mathbf{t}$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1 |
| Waves | 17 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 16 | 15 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 16 | 14 |
| Axial | $\pm 11$ | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 13$ | $\pm 20$ | $\pm 20$ | $\pm 25$ | $\pm 32$ | $\pm 33$ | $\pm 40$ | $\pm 33$ | $\pm 40$ |
| Weight Kg | 2.05 | 3.09 | 3.38 | 4.62 | 5.65 | 7.02 | 8.77 | 11.24 | 15.11 | 21.07 | 31 |


| MATERIALS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Flanges | Steel (37.2) |
| Bellows | Stainless Steel (AISI 321) |
| Liner | Stainless Steel (AISI 321) |

## Pressure / Temperature Graph



Example Layout


The following considerations should be noted during installation :

- The route of the pipeline is straight.
- The fixes points are dimensioned so that they can absorb the reaction forces and stiffness rate that arise during use.
- The pipeline is limited by fixed points.
- Check that the expansion joint is not subjected to the weight of the pipeline.
- Sagging is prevented by using fixed or loose bearings.
- The distance between expansion joint and the $1^{\text {st }}$ bearing may be a maximum of 4 times the pipe diameter. The distance between the $1^{\text {st }}$ and the $2^{\text {nd }}$ bearing may be a maximum of 14 times the pipe diameter. The distance between the remaining bearings may be a maximum of 21 times the pipe diameter. The distance may be reduced where this is required for the inherent stability of the pipe.

